#### **PROCLAMATION 2776**

Enumeration of Arms, Ammunition, and Implements of War By the President of the United States of America A Proclamation

Whereas section 12(i) of the joint resolution of Congress approved November 4, 1939, provides in part as follows (54 Stat. 11; 22 U.S.C. 452 (i):

The President is hereby authorized to proclaim upon recommendation of the (National Munitions Control) Board from time to time a list of articles which shall be considered arms, ammunition, and implements of war for the purposes of this section.

Now, therefore, I, Harry S. Truman, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority conferred upon me by the said joint resolution of Congress, and pursuant to the recommendation of the National Munitions Control Board, and in the interest of the foreign-affairs functions of the United States, hereby declare and proclaim that the articles listed below shall, on and after April 15, 1948, be considered arms, ammunition, and implements of war for the purposes of section 12 of the said joint resolution of Congress:

### CATEGORY I - Small Arms and Machine Guns

Rifles, carbines, revolvers, pistols, machine pistols, and machine guns (using ammunition of caliber .22 or over); barrels, mounts, breech mechanisms and stocks therefor.

### CATEGORY II - Artillery and Projectors

Guns, howitzers, cannon, mortars, and rocket launchers (of all calibers), military flame throwers, military smoke, gas, or pyrotechnical projectors; barrels, mounts and other components thereof.

### CATEGORY III - Ammunition

Ammunition of caliber .22 or over for the arms enumerated under (1) and (II) above; cartridge cases, powder bags, bullets, jackets, cores, shells (excluding shotgun); projectiles and other missiles; percussion caps, fuses, primers and other detonating devices for such ammunition.

# CATEGORY IV - Bombs, Torpedoes and Rockets

Bombs, torpedoes, grenades, rockets, mines, guided missiles, depth charges, and components thereof; apparatus and devices for the handling, control, discharge, detonation or detection thereof.

# CATEGORY V - Fire Control Equipment and Range Finders

Fire control equipment; range, position and height finders, spotting instruments, aiming devices (gyroscopic, optic, acoustic, atmospheric or flash), bombsights, gun sights and periscopes for the arms, ammunition and implements of war enumerated in this proclamation.

# CATEGORY VI - Tanks and Ordnance Vehicles

Tanks, armed or armored vehicles, armored trains, artillery and small arms repair trucks, military half tracks, tank recovery vehicles, tank destroyers; armor plate, turrets, tank engines, tank tread shoes, tank bogie wheels and idlers therefor.

# CATEGORY VII - Poison Gases and Toxicological Agents

All military toxicological and lethal agents and gases; military equipment for the dissemination and detection thereof and defense therefrom.

# CATEGORY VIII - Propellants and Explosives

Propellants for the articles enumerated in Categories III, IV, and VII, military high explosives.

# CATEGORY IX - Vessels of War

Vessels of war of all kinds, including amphibious craft, landing craft, naval tenders, naval transports and naval patrol craft, armor plate and turrets therefor, submarine batteries and nets, and equipment for the laying, detection, and detonation of mines.

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# CATEGORY X - Aircraft

Aircraft; components, parts and accessories therefor. 

### CATEGORY XI - Miscellaneous Equipment

(a) Military radar equipment, including components thereof, radar countermeasures and radar jamming equipment; (b) Military stereoscopic plotting and photo interpretation equipment; (c) Military photo theodolites, telemetering and Doeppler equipment; (d) Military super-high speed ballistic cameras; (e) Military radiosondes; (f) Military interference suppression equipment; (g) Military electronic computing devices; (h) Military miniature and sub-miniature vacuum tubes and photoemissive tubes; (i) Military armor plate; (j) Military steel helmets; (k) Military pyrotechnics; (l) Synthetic training devices for military equipment; (m) Military ultra-sonic generators; (n) All other material used in warfare which is classified from the standpoint of military security.

Effective April 15, 1948, this proclamation shall supersede Proclamation 2717, dated February 14, 1947.

In Witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this 26th day of March in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and forty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and seventy-second.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

By the President:

G. C. Marshall, Secretary of State.

(F. R. Doc. 48-2814; Filed, Mar. 26, 1948; 11:57 a.m.)

MD Bulletin No. 1 April 1, 1948.

# DEPARTMENT OF STATE Washington, D. C.

NEW REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO THE LICENSING FOR EXPORT AND IMPORT OF ARTICLES DEFINED AS ARMS, AMMUNITION AND IMPLEMENTS OF WAR.

Effective April 15, 1948, the attached Presidential Proclamation 2776, defining arms, ammunition, and implements of war will supersede Proclamation 2717 of February 14, 1947. ALL ARTICLES INCLUDED THEREIN WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE EXPORT AND IMPORT LICENSING REQUIREMENTS.

The principal changes in the new proclamation are the addition of:

All commercial type aircraft and all aircraft components, parts and accessories; fire control and range finding equipment; certain military electronic devices including radar; various military defense apparatus and training equipment; arms and ammunition of caliber .22.

It should be noted that the new proclamation represents an extensive rearrangement of the categories listed in Proclamation 2717.

Pending the issuance of a revised edition of the pamphlet, "International Traffic in Arms" (Title 22, Sections 201.1 to 201.41 Code of Fed. Reg.) this Bulletin is being circulated for the guidance of Collectors of Customs and shippers of arms, ammunition, and implements of war.

A tentative interpretation of the various categories is set forth herein. Additions or deletions will be made from time to time. If an exporter or importer is unable to determine whether a particular article comes within the scope of the new proclamation, he may submit the pertinent facts to the Munitions Division, Department of State, Washington 25, D. C., for a decision. Collectors are requested to do likewise.

Applications for export and import licenses should be made on current Department of State forms.

# TENTATIVE INTERPRETATION OF THE NEW PROCLAMATION BY CATEGORIES

CATEGORY I. SMALL ARMS AND MACHINE GUNS.

Note that caliber .22 weapons, and stocks and complete breech mechanisms for all weapons, now require a license.

CATEGORY II. ARTILLERY AND PROJECTORS.

Under this category there have been added rocket launchers and military smoke, gas and pyrotechnic projectors. The term "other components thereof" shall be interpreted to consist of complete breech mechanisms, carriages, and hub assemblies.

CATEGORY III. AMMUNITION.

Note that caliber .22 ammunition now requires a license; also jackets; cores; percussion caps; fuses; primers; other detonating-devices; and powder bags.

CATEGORY IV. BOMBS, TORPEDOES, AND ROCKETS.

Note that rockets and the major components of bombs, torpedoes, rockets, and guided missiles have been added.

CATEGORY V. FIRE CONTROL EQUIPMENT AND RANGE FINDERS.

All the articles in this category have been added to the list of licensable articles.

CATEGORY VI. TANKS AND ORDINANCE VEHICLES.

The articles added in this category are: armed vehicles; artillery and small arms repair trucks; military half tracks, tank recovery vehicles; tank destroyers; tank engines; tank tread shoes; tank bogie wheels and idlers. An "armed vehicle" shall be interpreted to be any vehicle which has a fixed gun on it, while an "armored vehicle" shall be one offering protection, and may be either armed or unarmed.

CATEGORY VII. POISON GASES AND TOXICOLOGICAL AGENTS.

The term "lethal gases" shall be interpreted to mean: cyanogen chloride; diphos; diphosgene; fluorine (but not fluorene); Lewisite gas; mustard gas (dichlorodiethyl sulfide); phenylcarbylamine chloride; phosgene.

The term "toxicological agents" (gases shall be interpreted to mean: Adamsite (diphenylaminechlorarsine);

dibromodimethyl ether; dichlorodimethyl ether; diphenylchloroarsine; diphenylcyanarsine; ethyl dibromarsine; ethyl dichloroarsine; methyldichloroarsine; phenyldibromoarsine; phenyldichloroarsine.

The term "military equipment for the dissemination and detection thereof and defense therefrom" shall be interpreted to mean: military gas masks; filters for military gas masks; military gas detection kits.

CATEGORY VIII. PROPELLANTS AND EXPLOSIVES.

The articles included in this category are: propellent powders; rocket and guided missile fuel; the following military high explosives: ammonium picrate; black soda powder; potassium nitrate powder; hexanitrodiphenylamine; pentaerythritetetranitrate (penthrite, pentrite or PETN); nitrocellulose having a nitrogen content of more than 12.20 percent; tetryl (trinitrophenylmethylnitramine or "tetranitromethylaniline"); trimethylenetrinitramine (RDX, Cyclonite, Hexogen or T4); trinitroanisol; trinitronapthalene; dinitronapthalene; tetranitronapthalene; trinitrotolune; trinitroxylene.

CATEGORY IX. VESSELS OF WAR.

Under this category the following are considered vessels of war:

Combat Type Vessels:

Battleship (BB); Battle Cruiser (CC); Flight Deck Cruiser (CF); Heavy Cruiser (CA); Large Cruiser (CB): Light Cruiser (CL); Aircraft Carrier (CV); Aircraft Carrier, Escort (CVE); Aircraft Carrier, Large (CVB); Aircraft Carrier, Small (CVL); British Aircraft Carrier, Escort (BAVG); Seaplane Carrier (CVS); Destroyer (DD); Destoryer, Escort Vessel (DE); Destoryer Leader (DL); Submarine (SS); Submarine Mine Layer (SM); Minelaying Cruiser (CM); Mine Swceper, High Speed (DMS); Mine Vessel, Light Mine Layer (DM); Crane Ship (AB); High Speed Transport (APD); and Seaplane Tender (Destroyer) (AVD).

Amphibious and Landing Vessels:

Weasels (M-24); Landing Vehicle (LVT); Landing Vehicle, Armored (LVT-A); Landing Vehicles, Wheeled (LVW-DUKW). Landing Craft (LCC, LCM-3, LCM-6, LC-FF, LCI-L, LCI-M, LCI-R, LCS-L-3, LCVP, LCT-5, LCT-6, LCP-L, LCP-R, LCR-S, LCR-L, LCV). Landing Ships: (ISD, ISM, ISM-R, IST, LSV).

Naval Tenders and Service Vessels:

Airship Tender (AZ); Ammunition Ship (AE); Auxiliary, Miscellaneous (AG); Barge, Torpedo Testing, (YTT); Barracks Ship, Self Propelled (APB); Cargo Ship Attack (AKA); Cargo Ship, Net (AKN); Cargo Ship and Aircraft Ferry (AKV); Destroyer Tender (AD); Distribution Box Boat (L); Dock, Advance Base (ABD);

Dock, Advance Base Section (ABSD); Drydock, Floating (AFD, AFDL, AFDL-C, AFIM, AFDB); Lighter Catapult (AVC); Lighthouse Tender (AGL); Mine Layer (converted to merchant use) (CM); Mine Layer, Auxiliary (ACM); Mine Layer Coastal (CMc); Mine Planter (MP); Junior Mine Planter (JMP): Mine Sweeper (AM, AMc, AMb); Mine Sweeper, Motor (YMS); Motor Torpedo Boat Tender (AGP); Net Laying Ship (AN); Net Tender (YN); Repair Ship (ARV-A, ARV-E, ARR, ARL): Repair Dock (ARD, ARD-C); Rescue Boat, Aircraft (AVR); Salvage Craft Tender (ARS-T); Salvage Lifting Vessel (ARS-D); Seaplane Tender (AV, AVP), Submarine Rescue Vessel (ASR); Submarine Tender (AS); and Surveying Ships (AGS, AGSc).

#### Naval Transports:

Administrative Flagship (APF); Aircraft Transport, Lighter (YCBO); Amphibian Force, Flagship (AGC); Artillery Transport, Mechanized (APM); Artillery Transport, non-Mechanized (APN); Attack Transport (APA); Barge, Troop Class A (APP); Barge, Navy Troop Class B (APT); Coastal Transport (APC); Ferry, Transport and Aircraft (APV); Rescue Transport (APR); Submarine Transport (ATS); Supporting Gunnery Ship, Transport (APG); Transport (AP); and Wounded Evacuation, Transport (APH).

#### Patrol Vessels:

Coast Guard Gun Boat (WPG); Coast Guard Gun Boat (WPR);
Coast Guard Subchaser (WSC); Coast Guard District Patrol Vessel (WYP);
Coast Guard Cutter (CGC); Coast Guard Light Ship (WAL); Escort 180'(PCE,
PCE-C); Escort, Rescue 180' (PCE-R); Patrol Vessel, Eagle (PE); Patrol
Vessel, Frigate (PF); Patrol Vessel, Gunboat (PG); Patrol Vessel, Motor
(PGM); Patrol Vessel, Motor Torpedo Boat (PT); Patrol Vessel, River
Gunboat (PR); Patrol chaser, Submarine Chaser (PTC); Patrol Boat (AD);
Patrol Vessel, Coastal Yacht (PYC); Patrol Vessel, Yacht (PY); Submarine
Chaser, 173' (PC, PC-C); Submarine Chaser 110' (SC, SC-C); Submarine
Chaser 136' (PCS, PCS-C); Submarine Chaser 174' Control (PCC); and other
Patrol Craft larger than 100' or in excess of 300 horsepower capacity.

(The Munitions Division Circular entitled "List of Vessels Coming Within the Classification of 'Vessels of War'" is no longer effective)

In Addition to vessels of war this category includes the following special naval equipment:

Armor plate; turrets; submarine storage batteries and electric batteries of 1,000 ampere hour capacity and over; anti-submarine nets; mine locating equipment towed from ships including: ordnance detector, Mark 2, pipe; ordnance detector Mark 2, gear; power supplies, Mark 2; ordnance detector, Mark 3, and mine detonating equipment.

#### CATEGORY X. AIRCRAFT.

It should be noted that all aircraft, components, parts and accessories are included in the Proclamation.

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Aircraft ground handling and maintenance equipment, such as is listed in the Department of Commerce Schedule B under Commodity code No. 794960, and radio ground equipment used for the direction and avigation of aircraft, as listed under Schedule B 707640, are not listed.

(The Munitions Division Circular MD-2/20/47 entitled "New Requirements Relating To The Licensing For Export and Import of Aircraft, Components and Parts" and supplements thereto, are no longer in effect.)

CATEGORY XI. MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT.

All Articles (except armor plate) enumerated in this category have been added, and shall be interpreted to mean:

- (a) All Radar and components as follows:
- (1) Antenna, micro-wave (i.e. frequency over 500 megacycles, or wavelength under 6/10 meter) or highly directional antenna, such as dish, parabolic or horn type antennae. (2) Receiver, micro-wave or broadband. (3) Transmitter, micro-wave or pulse modulated. (4) Modulator, pulsed (peak power rated). (5) Indicator, cathode ray tube. (6) Test equipment, as follows: echo box (ring or resonance chamber), synthesizer, range calibrator, radio frequency-oscillator (micro-wave), radio frequency meters. (7) Micro-wave wave-guide (pipe) or any instrument containing it.

Radar countermeasures and jamming equipment include:

Resnatron tubes; electronic noise generators; and spectrum analyzers.

- (b) Only complete sets of equipment used for military measurements of maps and stereoscopic (three domention) aerial photographs.
- (c) A military photo theodolite is a transit type instrument for photographing an object or target. Telemetering and Doeppler equipment are radio locating devices functioning simultaneously on the ground and in an aircraft.
- (d) The term "super high speed" shall apply to cameras with a speed exceeding 64 frames a second.
- (e) A radiosonde is a set of meteorological recording instruments attached to a radio transmitter and carried by a balloon to transmit weather data to the ground.
- (f) Very high frequency (30 megacycles and above) filters, chokes and wave-traps.
- (g) Synthetic training devices will include Link-type trainers and similar apparatus.

#### Materials

- 1. Uranium metal, thorium metal, metals and alloys containing uranium and thorium.
- 2. Uranium compounds, including the following:
  - a. Uranium (or uranyl) acetate
  - b. Uranium (or uranyl) nitrate
  - c. Sodium uranate
  - d. Uranium oxide or dioxide
- 3. Thorium compounds, including the following:
  - a. Thorium nitrate
  - b. Thorium dioxide (thoria)
- 4. Monazite sand or other thorium containing ores.
- 5. Carnotite, pitchblende or other uranium containing ores.

Exempted are uranium and thorium materials incorporated in the following products:

- a. Incandescent mantles
- b. Ceramic products
- c. Refractories
- d. Glass products
- e. Photographic film, negatives and prints
- f. Rare earth metals and compounds, mixtures and products containing not more than 0.25% by weight thorium, uranium or any combination of these. (But see List B).
- g. Vacuum tubes
- h. Thoriated tungsten containing not more than 3% by weight thorium.

#### Facilities and Equipment

- 1. Facilities capable of producing any fissionable material, such as
  - a. Nuclear reactors or piles
  - b. Facilities capable of separating isotopes of uranium
- 2. Electronuclear machines
  - a. Cyclotrons
  - %b. Betatrons
  - \*c. Synchrotrons
  - d. Synchro-cyclotrons
  - e. Van de Graaff machines (electrostatic generators)
  - f. Linear accelerators
  - g. Neutron generators
  - h. X-ray generators capable of producing over 100 kilovolts.
- \* These two items are on the Positive List of the U.S. Dept. of Commerce. Approved For Release 2000/09/08: CIA-RDP75-00662R000300070013-1

List A Cont.

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- 3. Radiation detection and measurement instruments, and their components, including
  - a. Geiger Mueller, proportional or parallel plate counter scalers
  - b. Geiger Mueller or proportional counter rate meters
  - c. Scalers, all types adaptable to radiation detection
  - d. Geiger Mueller, proportional audio, or mechanical detectors
  - e. Integrating ionization chamber meters and ionization chamber rate meters.
  - f. Geiger Mueller, proportional, or parallel plate counter detector components
  - g. Electrometer tube circuits and dynamic condenser electrometers (vibrating reed, vibrating diaphragm, etc.) capable of measuring currents of less than 1 micromicroampere.
  - h. Counter pulse rate meters
  - i. Amplifiers designed for application in nuclear measurements, including linear amplifiers, preamplifiers and distributed (chain) amplifiers.
  - j. Geiger Mueller quenching units
  - k. Geiger Mueller or proportional coincidence units
  - 1. Dosimeters and electrometers, pocket and survey types, including electroscopes incorporating radiation measurement scales.
  - m. Chambers, pocket type, with electrometer charger-reader
  - n. Electrometer tubes designed to operate with grid currents of less than O.l micromicroampere
  - o. Resistors, values above 1,000 megohms
  - p. Scintillation counters incorporating a photomultiplier tube.
  - q. Photomultiplier tubes having photocathode sensitivity of 10 or more microamperes per lumen, and an average amplification greater than 105.
- 4. Mass spectrometers and mass spectrographs, of all mass ranges, and their major components, including the following:
  - a. Mass spectrometers or mass spectrographs
  - b. Ion sources, mass spectrometer or spectrograph type
  - c. Acceleration and focussing tubes, mass spectrometer and spectrograph tubes.
  - d. Ionization chambers, mass spectrometer detector types
  - e. Micromicroammeters capable of measuring current of less than 1.0 micromicroampere
  - f. Electrometer tubes designed to operate with grid currents of less than 0.1 micromicroampere.
  - g. Resistors, values above 1,000 meghoms
- 5. Leak detectors, mass spectrometer type.
- 6. Vacuum diffusion pumps 12 inches diameter and larger (diameter measured inside the barrel at inlet jet).

#### Materials

- 1. Beryl, beryllium metal, beryllium alloys, beryllium oxides and other beryllium compounds, in all forms, except fabricated alloys.
- 2. Elemental fluorine, fluorocarbons, and anhydrous hydrofluoric acid.
- 3. Zirconium metal and/or oxide in all forms.
- 4. Graphite, artificial (including fabricated shapes, e.g., electrodes, plates and crucibles but excluding integral parts of equipment).
- 5. Diffusion pump oils (oils enabling the attainment of vacuum of  $10^{-4}$ millimeters of mercury pressure absolute in a single stage diffusion pump; including silicone diffusion pump fluids)
- 6. All rare earths except in lighter flints and abrasives.
- 7. Heavy water.

### Equipment

- 1. Mechanical (dry) vacuum pumps, with capacities of 20 cfm or more and capable of producing a vacuum of 1 mm of mercury pressure.
- 2. Diffusion vacuum pumps, mercury and oil types, 5" to 12" in diameter at inlet jet.
- 3. Induction furnaces for melting metals under vacuum.
- 4. The following high precision laboratory instruments:
  - a. Spectrophotometersb. Microphotometers

  - c. Spectrometer, optical
  - d. Galvanometers capable of measuring currents of less than 1 microampere
- 5. Vacuum gauges (ionization types)
- 6. Valves, gate, globe, angle, tee, double disc, butterfly and damper valves with bellows seal, made of or lined with any corrosion-resistant material, either manual or automatically operated (excluding integral parts of other equipment).
- 7. Pumps, centrifugal, fabricated of or lined with any corrosionresistant material.
- 8. Centrifuges, industrial process type, made of or lined with any corrosion-resistant material.

List B Cont.

- 4\_-

- 10. Electrolytic cells for the production of fluorine.
- 11. Refractory materials, including fabricated forms, containing 90% or more of alumina, beryllia, zirconia, or magnesia.
- 12. Turbo-blowers made of or lined with any corrosion-resistant material, with compression ratio of 2 to 1, or greater.
- 13. Nickel wire containing 95% or more nickel, 0.10 mm or less in diameter.
- 14. Woven wire mesh composed of wire containing 95% or more nickel and containing 60 or more wires per linear centimeter.
- 15. Fluorimeters (also called fluorophotometers).

# SUPPLEMENTAL LIST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

208630 208650 208690 209600	Other transmission belts & belting	630950	Prefabricated buildings (dwellings only) aluminum chief value
209600	Submarine cables, gutta-percha chief value	6 <b>6</b> 3 <b>5</b> 00	Mercury or quicksilver
20 <b>999</b> 0 209990		6920 <b>¢</b> 0	Platinum ore & concentrates
209990	Lifting bags Preumatic floats Poutoons Rubber rings for field gun recoil mechanism	701300	Patteries, storage, 6 & 12 volt, lead-acid type (in- clude automotive, and radio batteries and knock-down assemblies)
391700	sensitized	705607	Portable electric tools,
391700	sensitized		metal-working, except vibro-tool kits
391700	,	708800	Audio-amplifying apparatus and parts
504500 504600		708900	Rectifiers and relays
•	melting point in the range of 1250/1270 through 1280/1300 MP	709998 709998	1
504600	Other paraffin wax, refined, and semirefined	754000	Braiding and insulating ma- chines, and parts
<b>5295</b> 00	Glass fiber and glass fiber products	7 <b>7</b> 5040	Wrapping and packaging ma- chinery, and parts
<b>5</b> 3 <b>3</b> 500	Electrical porcelain for less than 6600 volts	793180	Dumping hoists and parts hydraulic, for use on motor trucks
rl.r(oo	Brake lining	<b>7</b> 93180	
545600 545700	Molded and semi-molded Woven		Winches and parts for use on motor trucks
545800	Clutch facing, molded, semi- molded and woven	793180 793180	Wrecker equipment and parts Wrecking cranes, garage
545910	Brake blocks, molded, semi- molded, and woven	800500	Crude and refined coal tar
596020	Fluorspar, all grades	802530	Beta naphthol & beta naphthol flakes
600100	Iron ore	802590 802590	Aminocresyl methel ether Aminophenol except para type
610000 610100	Ingot casting molds Gray iron castings (semi-steel	802590 802590 802590	Cyclohexanol
610200 619100	included) except floor drains Malleable iron castings Sprocket and other power trans- mission chains, iron and steel	802590 802590 802590 802590	Meta tolylenediamine Ortho toluidine Para nitrotoluene
			Tanada America

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80259 802 <b>5</b> 9		83299 83299	O Ethyl acetoacetate
802 <b>5</b> 9	(pentaphon) O Tetramethyl-o-phenylene-diamine	8329 <b>9</b> 8329 <b>9</b>	O Ethyl chloride
_	<b>ny</b> drochloride	8329 <b>9</b>	
802 <b>5</b> 9	O Tri-phenyl phosphate	83299	0
80259	O Other phenol derivatives	832990	0
80693	O Other photographic chemicals of	832990	O Ethyl mercaptan O Glycerine triacetate
	coal tar origin	832990	Isopropyl acetate
	773	832990	Maleic acid anhydride
82551	Phenol-formaldehyde:	832990	
825520	Server Carrier Carrier Les Ins		
اعرر عا	For other uses	8329 <b>9</b> 0	Methylene chloride
	Urea and melamine resins:	832990	) Momoethanolamine
825710	Protective coatings	832990	Monoisopropanalamine
825720		8329 <b>9</b> 0	Normal anyl sebacate
825790		832 <b>99</b> 0	Paraldehyde
	Cellusolve acetate, cellulose	832990	
	acetate-butyrate, & cellulose-	832990	
	acetate-propionata.	834600	2042110
826510	Film support and base	838 <b>5</b> 00 83 <b>900</b> 0	
826520	Sheets, rods, tubes and other	839500	- J - L - L - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C
	similar forms except electrical	839900	Ethylene Battery oxide
90(500	insulating material		Copper naphthenate
826590	The state of the s	839900	Cupric oxide
	Scrap except electrical in-	839900	Palladium chloride
829700	sulating material	839900	Phosphorous sulfide
027100	Activated charcoal and carbon	839900	Phosphorous oxychloride
	except that produced from animal bone	839900	Phosphorous trichloride
	arring bolle	83990 <b>0</b>	Selenium dioxide
831300	Butanol or butyl alcohol	839900	Titanium hydride powder
831 <b>50</b> 0	Allyl alcohol	83 <b>9900</b>	Zinc chloride
831 <b>5</b> 00	Ethyl alcohol	Ohohoo	
831500	Octyl alcohol	842400 842 <b>5</b> 00	Red lead, dry
831 <b>70</b> 0	Butyl acetate	042500	Litharge
832930	Ethyl acetate	850700	Sodium nitrate, n.e.s.
832960	Methyl ethyl ketone		
8329 <b>9</b> 0	Avalyn	900238	Commercial & scientific still
8329 <b>9</b> 0	Allyl chloride		picture cameras, except
8329 <b>9</b> 0	Chlorifine (clorafin)	900500	press cameras
032990	Chlorinated paraffin		Microfilm cameras, complete
8329 <b>9</b> 0	Amyl acetates	202000	Motion picture film developing,
832 <b>9</b> 90 832990	Butyl sterate		printing, processing, and perforating equipment; re-
8329 <b>9</b> 0	Cellosolve acetate		duction printers and parts
832990	Chloroform Diagots a plant 7		princers and parts
^	Diacetone alcohol Dibutyl ether		
	Di-isobutyl ketone		
^	Dimethylamine		
	V		

#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MUNITIONS BOARD WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

MB ORDER NO. 51-29

9 February 1951

SUBJECT: Current List of Strategic and Critical Materials for Stockpiling

- 1. Pursuant to Section 2(a) of Public Law 520, 79th Congress, the following materials have been determined to be strategic and critical under the provisions of the Act.
- 2. The following materials will be acquired through purchases pursuant to Section 3(a) and by transfer of Government-owned surpluses pursuant to Section 6 (a) of Public Law 520, 79th Congress, and constitute Group I:
- 1. Aluminum 2. Antimony 3. Asbestos, Amosite 4. Asbestos, Chrysotile 5. Asbestos, Crocidolite 6. Bauxite, Metal Grade 7. Bauxite, Refractory Grade 8. Beryl 9. Bismuth 10. Bristle, Hog 11. Cadmium
- 14. Chromite, Chemical Grade 15. Chromite, Metallurgical Grade
- 16. Chromite, Refractory Grade
- 17. Cobalt
- 18. Coconut Oil

12. Castor Oil

13. Celestite

- 19. Columbite
- 20. Copper
- 21. Cordage Fibers, Manila 22. Cordage Fibers, Sisal
- 23. Corundum
- 24. Cotton, Extra Long Staple
- 25. Diamonds, Industrial
- 26. Feathers and Down, Waterfowl
- 27. Fluorspar, Acid Grade
- 28. Fluorspar, Metallurgical Grade
- 29. Guayule Seeds & Seedlings 30. Graphite, Amorphous Lump
- 31. Graphite, Crucible Grade
- 32. Graphite, Lubricant and Packing Grade
- 33. Hyoscine
- 34. Jewel Bearings, Instrument Jewels, except Vee Jewels

- 35. Jewel Bearings, Sapphire and Ruby Vee Jewels
- 36. Jewel Bearings, Watch and Timekeeping Device Jewels
- 37. Kyanite
- 38. Lead
- 39. Magnesium
- 40. Manganese Ore, Battery Grade
- 41. Manganese Ore, Chemical Grade
- 42. Manganese Ore, Metallurgical Grade
- 43. Mercury
- 44. Mica, Muscovite Block, Good Stained & Better
- 45. Mica, Muscovite Film
- 46. Mica, Muscovite Splittings
- 47. Mica, Phlogopite Splittings
- 48. Molybaenum
- 49. Nickel
- 50. Opium
- 51. Palm Oil 52. Platinum Group Metals, Iridium
- 53. Platinum Group Metals, Platinum
- 54. Pyrethrum
- 55. Quartz Crystals56. Quinidine
- 57. Quinine
- 58. Rare Earths
  59. Rubber, Crude Natural
  60. Sapphire and Ruby
- 51. Shellac
- 62. Silk
- 63. Sperm Oil
- 64. Talc, Steatite, Block
- 65. Tantalite

- 2 -

	Tin Tüngsten	70.	Vegetable cho	Tannin	Extract,	હ્યુuebra-
_	Vanadium Vegetable Tannin Extract, Chestnut	72.	Vegetable Wool Zinc	Tannin	Extract,	Wattle

3. The following materials will be acquired only through transfer of Government-owned surpluses pursuant to Section 6(a) of Public Law 520, 79th Congress, and constitute Group II:

2. 34. 56. 78.	Agar Bauxite, Abrasive Cryolite, Natural Diamond Dies Emetine Graphite, Crystalline Fines Iodine Mica, Muscovite Block, Stained & Lower	13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	Platinum Group Metals, Palladium Flatinum Group Metals, Rhodium Platinum Group Metals, Ruthenium Rutile Selenium Talc, Steatite, Ground
9.		19.	

4. This order supersedes MB Order No. 51-25 of 24 November 1950.

/s/

ROSCOE SEYBOLD

Vice Chairman for Stockpile Management